

101 more traps for use with any role-playing system



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> atalyst Series



a convenient catalog of condemnable calamities, ghastly glamours, distinctive disasters, and irreverent inconveniences, as well as an astonishing array of annoying misdirections and miserable misfortunes to spring on passing adventurers, explorers, tunnelers, delvers, and all manner of player characters . . . in other words, The Troll is Back!

> edited by Paul Ryan O'Connor Pat Mueller Michael Stackpole

> > front cover by Jeff Dee

illustrated by Steven S. Crompton



Flying Buffalo Inc, PO Box 1467, Scottsdale, AZ 85252



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Table of Contents

Dead-ication A Word from G	Grimtooth	page il ⁱ page v
Beware of Low	Ceiling	page 1 2
		3
•		
		5
-		
Cretin in the Cir	cular Citadel	
•	•	
		13
		13
The Better Mou	setrap	
Kiss of Death		
		15
Archimedes'Re	venge	17
		page 19
Acid Rain		
	•	
-		
The Pendulum .		
Too Many Tenta	acies	

Chute The Loop		
Amazing Ginsu Chute		
Dead End		
Emergency Exit		
A Chuting Gallery	36	
Chapter 3. Door Traps	nage 3	7
Double Trap		
Sandman/Doorman		
Spring Cleaver		
ShriekerShrinker		
The Catastrophic Keyhole		
Two x Four Headache		
What You Don't Know Will Hurt You	+۲	2
Backstabber		
Chapter 4. Items		
They Cried With Their Boots On		
Magnetic Armbands		
Slime Gauntlet		
Glue-Gems		
Smokey Torch		
Scold's Bridle		
For Someone Special		
Gallium Grapple		
ExcaliberReprise		
Swiss Army Sword		
Funny Money Trap		
The Heavy CoinsTrap		
The "Don't Sweat If' Polearm		
Matchless Shield		
The End of Your Rope	49	9
Chapter5 Things	page 5	51
Ероху Тгар		2
Napalm Rocks	5	52
Genius Gold	52	2
SpiderwebFuse Trap	5	3
Miss Moffat Engine of Destruction		
Black Widow Pinata	54	4
Hellevator	55	5
The Trojan Dragon	5	55
Crossed Swords	55	5
Water That Glimmers, Shimmers, and Kills	5	6
Paranoid Frustrator		
The Eyes Have It		
Firemen's Pole	5	7
Tumble Toidee		
Fibber McGee's Closet of Caltrops		
The First Sign of Danger	58	8
Leaping Wizards		
The Accordion Throne	5	9
The Blotomoto Trap		
Rigged Mummy	6	0
The101stTrap	page 61	
The 102nd Trapbegin	s page 1	
List of Contributors		
	pace 63	
Credits		

DEAD-ICATION

To those who have passed through these traps before And to those who followed behind to pick up the pieces.

-GT

A man named the Marquis de Sade Had habits exceedingly odd. When Grimtooth he met, He broke out in a sweat, For the troll was much crueler, by God! – The Magic Rat

A Word From Grimtooth

This volume really speaks for itself. Each trap is fully explained, without going into the specifics of game mechanics, and should be easy to understand. Each trap also has a Deadliness Rating, defined in skulls, located near it - the more skulls you see, the more deadly the trap is.

So why am I writing this? Because a few of you numbskulls out there still haven't caught on to what it means to be a Game Master. A GM doesn't slavishly follow *anything* – books, manuals, or edicts from On High - except his own bloodshot instincts. For the true Game Master, any reference work such as this can only be a guideline.

But a few of you haven't learned this.

Some of you wrote to me and said that you thought my traps were too deadly. *TOO DEADLY???!!!?*

What's going on here? How can a trap be *too* deadly? Most of these traps, having been designed by mere mortals, *aren't deadly enough*.

All right, I'll accept the fact that some of you out there have twisted ideas about how to administrate a dungeon. Newfangled ideas about delvers escaping with their lives, and stuff like that. To each his own, I suppose. But if you're going to be a maverick, then you've got to blaze your own trails. Don't ask me to make my traps less deadly ... change them yourself.

Now isn't that a fresh idea? Bet you can't find a rule for that in your hardbacks.

You see, these traps are now *yours - you* don't need special permission or a membership card to change them to your liking. Use your imagination. Use these traps any way you want to. I won't come after you if you do. But if I ever receive another letter about how my traps are too deadly, I'm going to hand some wimp his head. Is that clear, human worms? Grimtooth will not be bothered again!

And now, onto my book - the greatest tome ever written about Traps.

- Grimtooth

P.S. If you're wondering whatever happened to my editor, Paul O'Connor, or his traditional editorial, then you should know that he, too, felt that some of my traps were a little rough. Well, who needs him, anyway? Too big for his britches, 1 say, to sneak that page of his into my last book. Well, I've sent Paul into an exile from which he won't soon return!

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Room traps are regimented death boxes about which the wheel of fantasy gaming rotates. They are not to be dealt with lightly, for they fold, spindle, and mutilate dungeon delvers with more panache and malice than any other form of trap.

(@) []°

Room traps tend toward the bizarre. Rare indeed is the subtle room trap – these things prefer to scream their presence to even the most dense of delvers, abandoning all surprise in favor of snaring the curious cat. Most room traps are content to remain unsprung, but you know there will always be at least one stooge in the party who wants to investigate....

Room

Traps

In this chapter you'll find bridges, spiders, giant gas bags, and malevolent book presses plus a horde of other unlikely delver dooms... the stuff of legends....



I always prefer to begin my collections with an outrageous trap based more in fantasy than reality. Thus, to open this chapter of my second book of traps, I boldly present the eminently logical **Beware** Of LOW **Ceiling** trap by Jason Sato, a Game Master of warped perceptions.

This trap is located in a large natural cavern with a high ceiling. A deep chasm divides the cavern. There is only one way to traverse the chasm - a handy suspension bridge has been provided for this purpose. The bridge appears to be in



good shape; it feels sturdy although it sways a bit. To forestall any hesitation - or a careful inspection of the bridge - you might arrange for the delvers to be fleeing from some hideous beast when they come to the chasm.

The bridge will safely support about 600 pounds (the approximate weight of three armored delvers). When this limit is exceeded, the bridge will collapse into the chasm. The characters who fall with the bridge will be caught in a strong net suspended across the chasm about sixty feet below the bridge.

When the bridge collapses, a fan of epic proportions at the bottom of the chasm begins to whirl. The blades of the fan pick up speed very quickly, and will soon generate a blast of air strong enough to whisk the characters caught in the net up towards the ceiling. This will continue until the unfortunate delvers are slammed into the cavern ceiling - and hit a carefully positioned pressure plate.

Hitting the pressure plate causes the fan below to reverse the direction of its spin, creating a deadly suction. This will pull the characters back down into the chasm, through the net (which is not strong enough to withstand the combined forces of gravity and suction) and into the blades of the fan itself. To demonstrate the sound and effect to your players, shove a raw hot dog into a common household fan. Kzzing!

For a bit of (low) class on this trap, place a sign next to the bridge which reads, "Beware of Low Ceiling."

page 3

The Teeter-Totter ROOM is Cliff Baird's contribution to the genre of room traps. Unfortunately, it wasn't designed to kill delvers; instead, it traps them (and in

the process turns them into nervous wrecks).

Characters who enter this room may dance, jump up and down, or have a picnic between the door and the pivot point beneath the floor. However, when over half the weight in the room has moved to the other side of the pivot, the floor no longer rests on the support brace near the door. The brace falls away, and the floor becomes a great teeter-totter upon the pivot point.

It is up to you to decide what will happen

to the characters if they fall ott the floor. As an especially savage variation, have the floor slide off its pivot and follow the delvers into the pit if they blow it.

Michael von Glahn offers the One Way **or Another** trap as a possible ending to the quest for the trap that will turn adventurers every which way but loose. This beauty, while sinister in construction and implication, has certain humorous overtones in application.

The room is your normal type dungeon room. The walkway which runs from the door to a niche in the opposite wall that houses a chest neatly bisects the

> Figure A. The trap as set . . .

floor into two pits. Each of the pits is covered by an illusion of normal flooring that can easily be seen as an illusion. At either side of the niche, just barely out of easy reach from the walkway, is a lever.

In the corridor opposite the open doorway, there is a springloaded section of the wall that will be triggered by weight being dropped on a pressure plate in the walkway. The cautious delvers who stand in and around the doorway while someone walks out on the walkway, or while they





200





Figure B. The trap as sprung.



throw the carcass of their latest victim onto the walkway to test the floor, will be rammed by the wall into the room. Those not in the doorway will be splattered against the wall. So much for those outside the room.

Now the delvers who have just been shot into the room, like pinballs being blasted into action, will have to act quickly. It is not likely

that any will fly straight and true at the chest, though you may wish to allow this if your thirst for blood has been quenched. Those who pitch off of the walkway will fall through the illusory flooring into the pit below. Those who fly across the room and grab the levers in a last-ditch effort to stay out of the pit, will find the levers to be easily detachable fakes that they will have lots of time to examine as they fall.

As for any character lucky enough to survive this mayhem, Michael suggests something suitable in the chest to dispatch them. I suggest that GM's select carefully, for the thing in the chest should be like an aperitif after such a heavy meal. That is small, aromatic, and packed with a big kick.

HU

Greg Day has submitted an impairing room trap. The Toe Tickier is sure to wreak havoc among those delvers who think of greaves as old and useless.

The room can be entered without mishap - the trap is triggered when the delvers attempt to exit the room through either of its doors. The floor of the room drops a foot and the door-side wall of the pit is revealed to have a series of two-inch holes running along it. From the holes come spears that should catch most characters in mid-shin, causing a painful wound if they do not break the shin outright. It should also slow a character significantly if being pursued ...



page 5

Michael Amer brings us the **Fire and ice** trap. Like many other traps in this section, this trap is harmless until some poor schmuck screws up and does (in his opinion) the sensible thing...

This trap utilizes a small room. Rows of nastylooking spikes cover one entire wall; in the wall opposite the spikes is a silver door. There are two

trap doors in the ceiling. Delvers enter the room through a separate door on one of the unused walls; this door seals and locks itself behind the delvers.

If the party opens the silver door, they unleash a torrent of spring water which knocks them back against the spikes. The water continues to gush from the door and rapidly begins to flood the room. If the delvers survive the spikes, they'll find they must drop most of their equipment to tread water. The room will fill to a level dangerously near the ceiling (and the trap doors).

The safest thing to do is to sit tight. After about five minutes, the water will drain away, allowing the delvers to exit through the now-dry silver door. On the other hand, in a panic situation like this the delvers are probably convinced that they will drown - so they'll try to open the trap doors!

However, both trap doors lead to doom. Behind one trap door is a chamber filled with sodium (an element that combusts upon contact with water). Behind the other is a chamber filled with crystals which cause water to freeze. When either - or both - trap doors are opened, the element behind will be dumped into the water to keep the delvers company ...

Next in line is the **Door-Lover's** Room, by Caroline J. Maher. This trap uses its own snare as a red herring for its intent. Interested? Read on ...

Inside the room is a deep pit filled with ravenous, poisonous spiders. Delvers enter the room normally through a standard dungeon door. Narrow greased ledges lead around the pit to the apparent safety of a corridor on the other side of the pit.

When the characters navigate around the pit to the corridor beyond, they'll doubtless feel proud of themselves for avoiding the trap. So much the better ... within the corridor is a spiral staircase that leads up to a normal-looking door. When the delvers open the door, however, a trap door opens beneath their feet, sending them plummeting down a chute and into the spider-filled pit they've just negotiated! Never go forward until you're secure about what's behind you.















Larry DiTillio's first room trap is the **see-saw** Room, a devious variation on Cliffs theme. This trap is tailored to deal with those inconsiderate delvers who like to play interior decorator and move every piece of furniture in a dungeon room.

The room is small and rectangular. Identical stone statues are set in opposite ends of the room; a series of glass globes supported on iron racks rest along the other pair of walls. Behind each statue appears to be a poorly-concealed secret door.

The entire room rests upon a central pivot; the statues keep small bolts in place and keep the room from tipping as soon as the first adventurer enters. If the statues are moved at all (presumably to gain access to the "secret doors"), the delicate balance of the room is upset, and the room will tilt radically to one side or the other. The delvers will be hurled towards one end of the room, and the fragile glass globes will be dislodged from their holders to shatter on the floor, spilling their deadly contents (poison gas/flaming oil/scorpions/whatever you choose). Finally, the stone statue from the "up" end of the room will plummet into the lower end of the room, pulping the delvers caught there. Oh, the fiendish wonder of it all!

This trap could also work as a corridor with a door at its midpoint and a statue at each end "hiding" a secret door. No matter how it is used, this trap is sure to be deadly.





Larry's next trap is the YOU Rang? room. This is a round room (diameter 10') with a 30' high domed ceiling. Hanging from the center of the ceiling, about 10' from the floor, is a golden ball about the size of a beachball suspended on a silver rope. The room can be entered without a mishap through a trapdoor in the bottom of the floor.

If no one fools around with the golden ball, the party will be unharmed. However, doing anything to the ball and rope triggers a complex mechanism above the room, and the room begins to swing from side to side - with the delvers trapped inside. The room is actually a giant bell!

The golden ball will strike against the walls of the room (now revealed to be stone-plated steel), making an awful gonging din which should deafen the characters. Those delvers foolish enough to hang onto the ball will be pulped against the walls; characters who merely stand in the swinging room should gather their share of bruises, too.

The bell also serves as an alarm for the monsters in the area. The room will stop

swinging after a few minutes - just in time to admit the hordes of hungry monsters who will have gathered nearby. The monsters should have no trouble dealing with the deafened and battered party within the room ...

Not content to leave sleeping dogs flat with his low-humor Low Ceiling trap, Jason Sato strikes back with the **Dinner Gong.** This nasty room trap is a good way to feed the older monsters in your dungeon who can't beat and eat their meals like they used to.

The trap presents itself to the delvers as a simple dungeon room containing a treasure chest. The chest is securely fastened to the floor, so bands of moving-company dungeon delvers can't haul it away. On one of the walls of the room is hung a large brass gong.

Opening the chest activates a small but powerful generator hidden beneath the dungeon floor. For atmosphere, add a humming sound and slight vibrations in the floor when the generator is started.

The generator powers a strong electromagnet hidden in the wall behind the gong. When the magnet powers up, any iron or steel objects in the room (including armored delvers) will sail through the air into the gong, resulting in a loud "BONNNNNGGGGG." Delvers will be stuck to the magnet until they can free themselves of their armor.

The sounding of the gong alerts the feeble old monster in the hidden room nearby. Dinnertime! The monster should probably be something with lots of teeth and a can-opener ...

Peter Yearsley has shown, through his frequent and fascinating letters to FBI, to be a true Renaissance Man. With the flare of an Inquisitor, he has dreamed up this next devious trap. Yankee ingenuity has got nothing on this Englishman's sense of the macabre.

The Hall of **the Memorial Carpet** is insidious in its application because it is one of those traps where the delvers can see how they will get it, and any attempt to escape will bring it upon them more swiftly. Except for the lucky ones...

The room is a standard dungeon room with doors in the east and west walls. In the north wall, there is a small niche with a lantern flickering in it. The south wall contains a much larger niche which is home to a chest. The floor is covered by the Memorial Carpet, an abstract melange of metal, cloth, leather, and perhaps a bone fragment or two.

The ceiling is placed on a time delay as soon as a door is opened. After two minutes have passed, the ceiling will begin to come down and the air pressure will cause both doors to shut. The air pressure in the now closed room will increase as the ceiling drops to where the air pressure will let it. Ears will pop, and the new level of the ceiling will probably be noticed.

If either of the doors is opened, the air in the room













can escape, and the delvers will become the new additons to the Memorial Carpet. If either the chest or the lamp is moved, a slow leak will develop and the roof will sink towards the floor. Once the ceiling has gotten low enough, the doors cannot be opened, and neither door is strong enough to hold the ceiling up.

The most sinister aspect of this trap is that one or two people could save themselves by standing in the alcoves. What a fight there ought to be for that place of honor. Peter also suggests that an airlock tunnel might be located behind a secret door in the chest alcove. I'd make it an affair that only allows one person at a time. If one delver decides not to, or forgets to close the airlock door on the way out, well, wall-to-wall carpeting is nice ...



Picture a long room with a door at one end and a bank safe at the other. The safe has been permanently attached to the wall, and cannot be moved. This is the setting for **The Safe-Cracker's Nemesis**, designed by Scot Rhoads.

Delvers, being nimble-fingered little monkeys, will almost certainly attempt to pick the lock of the safe by pressing their pudgy ears against the door and twirling the dial. To the safe-cracker's dismay, however, it will be found that every mistake the character makes while working the dial causes the floor of the room to slide one foot into the wall holding the safe - revealing a bottomless pit below. Too many mistakes, and the gap between the door and the floor will isolate the safecracker on the wrong side of the pit Of course, to be nice you could include a secret passageway on the other side of the safe door, to give the delvers a way out....



Charles Mollenhauer brings us the Trolls' **Bridge-Work.** No, this isn't a denture for monsters, but rather a bridge over a chasm that quickly becomes a cage hanging over a chasm ...

The trap works simply. When characters come to the deep chasm, they'll see an easy way to cross it - a wide bridge suspended by wires from the ceiling. Stepping upon the pressure plate in the middle of this bridge causes the sides of the bridge to quickly fold up around the bridge middle, like a perverted draw-bridge. The delvers are now trapped in a cage! You can either leave them dangling over the chasm, or lower the cage to the bottom of the pit (where, presumably, something horrible lies in wait) ...

From Pat Mueller comes the **Cretin in the Circular Citadel** trap. The intriguing construction of this room should lead to the doom of many a delver.

The trap is a round room; entry is gained by a single door set flush with the wall. In the center of the room, on a raised circular dais, is a glowing ruby of great worth and obvious magical nature. Parading around and around the perimeter of the room are a number of characters of all kindreds and types. These characters all have glazed, fixed expressions on their faces, and they appear to be hopelessly searching for something. Several show signs of advanced malnutrition. There are a few dead bodies sprawled on the floor, as well.

The magical gem places a geas upon anyone who touches it. The affected character can do nothing until he or she finds a corner in this perfectly round room. Once a corner has been found, then the character is released from the geas and may take the ruby without penalty.

The various beings wandering around the room are all characters under the geas. Many have died (or are in the process of doing so) during their fruitless quest.

None of these characters (obviously) have discovered the way to find the corner in a round room. By simply knocking a small chunk out of any of the wall space in this room, a corner is formed - thus ending the geas.

But don't tell your players that ...









1.03



Andy Beauchamp brings us the **Death of 1000 Slices**, a room of dangerouslypositioned cutlery. This trap is so obvious, it's likely to claim many a life...

Two opposite walls in a square dungeon room are covered from floor to ceiling with thousands of sharp knives; the other two walls contain doors. Running along the floor, from one door to the other, is a row of knives. Running along the ceiling, exactly in line with the daggers on the floor, is a row of swords.

As soon as a character ventures more than ten feet inside the room, the trap is

sprung. If he has walked to either the right or the left of the row of daggers, then the nearest wall folds over onto the floor, mincing him horribly.

The only safe way to walk through this room is to straddle the daggers. This will cause both walls of knives to fall inward at the same time jamming together above the character.

If you want to



make this trap even more deadly (a technique which I heartily approve), grease the floor around the row of knives. Thus, even if the delver avoids the walls, he might still slip and fall on the knives! An even nastier addition is to have a voice over announce, in the voice of the party s leader, "Hit the deck.!"

There are often times that a dungeon becomes so familiar to adventurers that they have no fear. They know what is where and can find their way around blindfolded - would that they would do us great favors by travelling that way. Pat Hollister's **ROUlette** Room offers us one method for dealing with such carefree wayfarers.

The roulette room is a circular affair with a large number of doors set in the wall. In the center of the room is a chest. When the chest is opened, the room will begin to spin wildly around, quickly making the delvers dizzy and perhaps even throwing a few out through the doors. While this is happening, a lodestone in the chest will hopelessly screw up any compasses in the room. When the room stops spinning - orienting itself randomly to true north - the delvers should be thoroughly lost, not to mention dizzy and sick.

Adding a large silver ball to bounce around and checking if any of the delvers' lucky number is up is purely optional. (If a character's number is up and the character survives, a kind Game Master should pay the character 36 times the amount of money he has on him.)



| have often found that the key to catching the most clever of characters in a trap is to provide a trap that is very simple, and provide the adventurers with the solution to it. They act upon that information and, well, see the next trap as an example.

Ted Rassieur offers The Ceiling **Trap.** The room it is placed in is a normal room with one centrally-placed door in each of the east and west walls. The doors are placed directly across the room from each other, and the room is devoid of any furnishings.

When the east door is opened - both doors open out of the room - the ceiling area between the two doors slams down. It should be quite clear to the delvers that if they had been inside the room and opening the door, they would have been squashed. The ceiling then retracts after ten seconds.

When the west door is opened, the ceiling everywhere except between the two doors smashes down. What usually happens is that characters who enter through the east door stand

out of the way to open the west door. By the same token, characters entering from the west know better than to stand away from the east door when they open a. Simple, but deadly....

In my quest for traps, I occasionally run across a truly criminal mind housed in the body of a human being. Matt Nadelhaft is like this, and it is criminal that his mind will be trapped in the body of a mere human. He has such trollish potential...

Burial at sea is a trap for all delvers who do not own wash-and-wear armor. The characters step into a room that smells slightly of brine, yet does not have anything in it. There is a secret door in the floor, however, and what character can resist a secret door? Once the secret door is opened - and it does truly deserve to be called a trapdoor - the fun begins.

Water literally explodes through the trapdoor with the force of a tidal wave. Water will begin to fill the room, making it impossible to open the door to the room. Within thirty seconds, the room itself will be flooded, though the domed

ceiling will provide an airpocket for characters light enough to float or lucky enough to fly. Characters who are too heavy will have to shed all of their armor, weapons, and the like until they can float.

A minute after the room has flooded, two smaller trapdoors will open at the base of the walls. One will pump in cold water while the other provides an



Area stamped

door is opened

when west









outlet for the cold water. The cold current will stay at the bottom of the room and should easily push all discarded armor, weaponry, and other equipment (including any loose sacks of treasure) into the outflow hole. After two minutes, the current will cease to flow, and the brine in the room will drain out of the outflow hole. The characters should touch down safe, yet a whole lot poorer. For an added touch of torture, remind them how much brine itches as it dries ...



Stephen McAllister, as subtle a dungeon master as I have ever met, has a knack for providing great visual beauty along with deadliness in his traps. Mac is the sort of man who would have thought of putting thorns on roses, if I had not already seen to it. With this in mind, I present **Fruits of Misfortune.**

In a room, the adventurers discover a silver tree that bears golden fruit. The tree and the fruit seem natural to the eye or touch, yet pears, apples, lemons, and such all share the same tree. Little to no magic is felt from the fruit or the tree. The delvers can go ahead and pluck the fruit; it is solid gold, the skin being several layers of gold foil to allow that fleshy feel.

This is where the trick comes in. When the fruit is picked, it will leave a tiny hole where the stem connects to the branch. The silver tree is actually hollow, and gas



will seep through the holes. The gas is of the knock-out variety, one that will affect all races and kindreds; the length of time it takes will depend upon the health of the characters and how many of the fruits have been picked. Worked well, however, the adventurers should not know they have been tricked until they begin to pass out from the gas. Whether or not returning the fruit to the tree will plug the holes is up to debate, though when was the last time a tree took back fruit?



Mike Stackpole, whom I have been forced to deal with since I dispatched my first two editors, has retreaded a concept by Matt Nadelhaft to create the Let Me At At'em trap. All you have to get them to do is push the button ...

The adventurers enter a small, dingy room through a door in the west wall. The north wall has a very strong-looking man bound to it by a steel band around his middle. As the adventurers enter the room, the captive taunts them with cries of "You sissies, I'll rip yer throats out. I'll smash ya all. I'll kill ya. I dare ya to release me; you ain't so tough." The south wall has got a red button on it labeled "Release."

At the captive's back, within the band, is a button that his body keeps pressed in. If the release button is hit, the man will be teleported away. This will release the button and allow the north wall to slam into the south wall. If the man has been killed, his body will drop from the steel band - if the release button is pushed - accomplishing the same thing. A grim application of the "deadman switch" **principle ...**

Lodes Of Fun is a trap devised by Adrian Passmore. Adrian is another contributor from the United Kingdom, and he clearly shows where you American colonials get your deviousness.

Adrian's trap is located in a small room, perhaps at the end of a cul-de-sac. One end of the room features a door, another wall has a secret door behind which waits a troll armed with something large and heavy. When the plain door is opened, a very powerful fan is activated. It blows thousands of BB and marblesized lodestones out at the adventurers. The fan is powerful enough to keep all but several strong men working together from closing the door, and it will shut only off when all of the lodestones have been blown off a pressure plate in the base of the lodestone room.

The lodestones will fly out like locusts and cover any armored character. The armor will become heavier with the added metal, and it is quite likely that the stones will block eyeslits or make joints really difficult to move. Most characters will shuck their armor to collect the stones. This is when the troll steps out and greets the adventurers with his weapon.

Also remember that a character stepping into the closet will reactivate the fan and may well be blown across the room by the force of the wind ...

The Better Mousetrap could only have been born in the mind of Brandon Corey, and many adventurers will wish it had been stillborn. In a room laid out in the shape of an L, there is a huge mousetrap. The spring is the size of a man's thigh, and the bar that would break the neck of a mouse is fully three feet wide and two

inches thick. On the trigger rests a pound of cheddar cheese which radiates good magic. The L-shape of the room is so that the characters cannot initially see what they are going to confront. No character with any sense would enter a room with that big trap.

Triggering the trap is simple: just toy with the cheese. As the bar snaps down, which it will do when the bait is removed, it will hit a pressure plate at its impact

point. This will activate the release catch on the doors to cages containing several









big cats (lions, tigers, catamounts, and such).

As the characters examine the cheese, they will note that the center of it contains a Cats Eye gem. The magic is coming from the gem and will attract cats to the character with the gem. Of course, the cats will only wish to play with this character, and the game they will seem to favor will be ambush ...

just as an added surprise, you might have the characters meet the huge mice the trap was set for originally ...



The Better Mousetrap



KISS of Death is another trap presented by Brandon Corey which turns the joy of anticipation into the sour taste of reality with frightening swiftness.

The trap needs to be presented with a bit of preparation and can probably best be served if the characters must ferret out information about it from many and varied sources; make it a mystery. The basic rumor to be presented is that if the characters perform a certain ritual and kiss the Statue of the Goddess of Love at a nearby temple, they will become immune to swords and fear. Details of the ritual should be difficult to uncover, but they all should be available to the characters by some means or another.

The statue they must kiss is a huge head mounted on the wall of the temple, behind the main altar. The breadth of the lips must be easily as wide as a normal human head. The head and face are carven from unblemished white marble and are that of a woman who is unhumanly beautiful. The head radiates functional magic.

^If the character attempting to gain the boon has completed the ritual correctly and kisses her on the lips, the boon will be granted. Each GM will have to modify the promise to fit the reality of the campaign world being used.

If, however, the character failed some portion of the ritual or kisses a part of the statue other than the lips, the lips will part and a sword blade will lick out like a serpent's tongue. Anyone kissing the lips of the statue should be hit in the face and

probably killed instantly. Characters kissing another part of the face would take the sword in the portion of the body at mouth level. The strange thing is, for those who complete the ritual and for those who blow it, the promise is kept.

Jonathan Bernick has claimed that the inspiration for some of his traps came from Mike Stackpole. Nonsense! In Jonathan's work, I sense an evil genius that causes Stackpole to pale in comparison. This next trap, **Another Brick Through the** Wall, will bear me out.

The room appears to be the normal sort of dungeon room that we have all come to know and love. The doors are in the east and west walls, and the room is

devoid of anything. Once the delvers have entered the room, both doors close and lock. The north wall begins to move towards the south and the delvers. It looks as though they are probably going to end their lives knowing how it feels to be a grape in a wine press.

The south wall is really a flimsy construct of plaster and wood. If the delvers do nothing, they will be pushed through the south wall into a small treasure room. The north wall will stop at the old south wall, and the delvers are free to leave.

If the south wall is broken or tampered with before the north wall gets within five feet of it and trips a hidden switch, a steel grating will slip across on the southern side of the south wall. The grating should have wide enough holes in it to frustrate the attempts at bracing the wall with staves, while being narrow enough to act as a delver strainer. The hidden switch will prevent the grating from sliding into place; one case in which he who hesitates is not lost ...

Sink or Swim is a nasty variation upon old themes. With this trap, Lee Russell punishes characters for lack of foresight or thought when something obviously is wrong.

The room to be used is relatively small and probably should be entered through a secret door in the north wall. The floor is grassy, and if the characters dug down, they would find a two-foot thick layer of pumice about three feet down through the dirt. Below the pumice is water. The pumice, and indeed the whole floor, is floating upon this water.

The only feature of this room is located on the east wall. There, a small ledge is set upon the floor. A pipe that looks to be about eight inches in diameter rises from



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the floor and is half imbedded in the wall. It is capped and rises to the height of four feet. From the top of it trails a small faucet. A cup is chained to the faucet and a huge wheel is located on the pipe to regulate water flow. Still on the eastern wall, near the northern corner, there is a secret door that is barred on the interior hidden side with a wooden bar.

When the large pipe is opened to allow water to flow out of the faucet, water will also begin to flow out of another pipe branching off and emptying into the room beyond the east wall. The water comes from beneath this room and draining it will result in the floor sinking. Something on the order of spikes should protrude through the sod from the bottom of the water tank, obviously a threat if the floor had drained faster or a character fell from the ledge. Since the north door now has no flooring next to it, reopening it is going to be inconvenient, and the characters will probably begin the search for a secret door.

As seen below, the secret door is there. When the east room fills with the water from the tank below, the bar on the door will float away and allow the door to be opened. The water should rush out again and probably sweep a character or two from the ledge onto the newly exposed spikes. And as the water eventually drains back through the sod, the trap should reset itself.



Archimedes' Revenge





Liz Danforth and Mike Stackpole have teamed up to use sound scientific principles in a trap that shows that they have no principles themselves.

Archimedes' Revenge is a trap centered around a ten-foot diameter well sunk into a floor. Around the outer edge of the well is a one-foot deep depression about twofeet wide that would give the impression of a step down to the well. The water is absolutely to the brim of the well, but it has not spilled over onto the step. The well itself is about twenty-five feet deep. The step area contains four drains.

The bottom of the well is strewn with treasure. The water is warm but harmless. Halfway down on one of the side walls, there is a secret panel that can be detected and opened from within the pool.

Anyone diving into the pool will displace a certain amount of water. This water will flow down through the drains to a collection bucket. This bucket, once it is filled with enough water (a gallon or two will be fine), will become heavy enough to pull a pin that has prevented the spring-operated secret panel from flying open. Behind the secret door, you could place a holding tank for piranha, though the designers of this trap also offered molten lava as a possibility that will boil the delvers alive. I favor this latter idea; I prefer my food cooked, though I suppose the addition of a second secret door full of spices would be too much to ask for.







This next little number, called Shock Treatment, is certain to surprise characters who believe themselves to be careful. Chris Andrews, the designer of this trap, has a knack for providing a new twist upon ordinary situations.

The adventurers find a room with a fifteen-foot diameter fountain in the center. The fountain features small jets of water from a stone pedestal in the center of the fountain. Upon the pedestal stands a beautiful figure bearing a twelve-foot long spear in an upraised hand. The statue is made of gold-plated steel, and a seam can be seen at the shoulder of the spear arm, as if the arm might be able to move down in a windmill action. The spear point is ten feet above the water level. The water is not poisonous, and the bottom of the fountain is dotted with treasure.

The adventurers will try to avoid the spear arm, fearing a stab in the back as they gather treasure. Indeed, standing upon one of the many pressure plates in the base of the fountain basin will cause the arm to fall, and only the most clumsy of characters will be hit with the spear. If the spear hits no one, it will dip into the water. This is when the large charge of electricity running through it will discharge into the water and any delvers in it as well.... A similar thing will happen to the witless soul who tries to scrape the gold from the statue.



Your dungeon corridors needn't be dull passageways of stone. Employ a few of the designs in this chapter and you'll find your tunnels have become as much fun to explore as your rooms. A hallway is no place to rest – and it's time the delvers of the world realized it.

Corridor Traps A

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My first corridor trap comes from J. E. Todd. As Mr. Todd points out, most delvers kill the monsters and then take their treasure. **Shower** of Gold turns the tables on this familiar scene, letting the treasure kill the delvers and then the monsters take their bodies ...

The trap is actually quite simple. In the wall of the corridor is set a lever; posted nearby is a sign which clearly reads "Treasure Vault Release." The trap is set in motion when some fool actually pulls the lever.

Pulling the lever releases the catch-pins which secure this section of corridor, allowing it to split in two and collapse into the pit below. This forms a sort of funnel, which will neatly channel the *4620* cubic feet of gold coins that were hidden in a hollow above the corridor. Assuming gold weighs about 1000 pounds per cubic foot, we're talking about *4,620,000* pounds of gold here ...

Of course, all this gold has to flow through a $4' \times 4'$ opening, which just *might* give the hapless delvers a chance to avoid the shower.



Brian Hammond has developed a grim topical trap called Acid **Rain.** Rather than simply ignore the problem which plagues the northeastern United States and Canada (to say nothing of the rest of the industrialized world), Mr. Hammond has displayed a true sense of dungeon-mastering malice by adapting the phenomenon into a trap. Bravo!

The trap centers around a dead-end section of corridor that balances upon a fulcrum. A false chest stands in the dead end; it is attached to the floor at its base by a hinge. When a delver enters the corridor, his weight will cause it to shift on the fulcrum, dropping down into the pit below. This causes the false chest to flop over on its hinge, releasing its deadly content - acid! - onto the slope. The acid should neatly spill down the sloping corridor and splash all over the unfortunate delver below.

Mark Bassett does interesting things with the next two pit traps. Each is standard in appearance and initial execution, but both get a little strange once they're triggered ...

The first of these traps is the **Wet Pit.** This is a simple pit which opens beneath the feet of a delver. As soon as the delver is trapped inside the pit, it begins to fill with water, bars spring across the top, and its walls begin to creep together. However, just before the delver is drowned and pulped, the trap resets itself - the water drains out, the walls return to their original positions, and the bars withdraw. A handy ladder then pops out of the pit wall; at the top of the ladder is a sign wh -h reads "You Have Been Warned. The Next Trap Will Be Fatal. Go Home."





Mark has also developed the **Whipped-Cream** Pit trap. If you're tired of adventurers charging into your dungeon just for the glory of it all, you might want to see how brave a tale they can tell about drowning in a vat of whipped cream.

The *Whipped-Cream* Pit functions like a normal pit trap - but instead of containing spikes or acid to finish the clods off, it's full of whipped cream. Whipped cream is too airy to float on, too thick to paddle in, and too slippery to allow anyone caught within to grab a rope easily.

And don't forget the fun you can have, needling a player over the fact that you killed his character by submerging him in whipped cream ...

A non-fatal corridor trap is the **MoebIUS Hallway** by Liz Danforth. This trick combines magic and illusion to subtle effect.

This artifice simply uses a moebius strip as a walkway in a hall, catwalk, or garden path - whatever suits your fancy. Some sort of magic is used here in that the feet of characters traveling on the strip never leave it: where a character's feet are is always oriented "down" as far as that character is concerned. Additional magic can also supply the illusions that the world remains right-side up as the characters follow the contortions of the moebius strip.

Once a character has stepped onto the strip, he will walk and walk and walk and (maybe) run - and never get anywhere. When this finally sinks home, the frequent response from most microcephalic delvers is to take a sideways step off the moebius strip. But don't forget the trap - there's a 50% chance that when a delver steps off he'll be the wrong way up in relation to natural gravity! A fall of a few feet onto one's head isn't that dangerous, but should engender a few nasty bruises.

Then again, if the strip has been located on a bridge over a lava trench ...



Dan Manning has developed a trap that only a chump would fall for. That means it works like a charm on your average delver. Dan calls his trap **Now You** See It, Now **You're Dead!**, but I prefer the alternate onomatopoeic title of Splat!

This is a homely trap which smashes a delver into several rows of spikes. The trap keys upon the claustrophobic anxiety of a delver who's been trapped underground for a while. When the aforementioned delver sees light coming from a hole in the ceiling, he will doubtless investigate - and discover a lever marked "UP" sticking out of the floor and a ceiling vent which appears to open onto a patch of clear daylight sky.

In reality the "sky" is merely an image produced by a cleverly aligned series of mirrors. Behind the mirrors is a bank of spikes. And when the delver pulls on the lever, the spring beneath his feet uncoils ... slamming him through the mirrors and into the spikes. Splat! No more delver!

Corridor Traps – NOTES –









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And here is a quartet of traps by Michael Stackpole, varying in deadliness from dangerous to exterminating. This is a very trollish attitude; the "safer" traps scare the adventurers witless so that the more dangerous traps will do the job that they're set there for.

Suspension Ladder is the first trap by Mike Stackpole, and it is designed to

force characters to think - if they want to stop hanging around. A character finds himself in a vertical tunnel, a chimney of sorts. There is a ladder running up the side of the chimney and light at the top of the ladder. The climb appears to be about sixty or eighty feet up. Each twenty feet of climb takes the character up on a different ladder.

The third ladder is special. When a character gets to the middle of it, the ladder will swing down from the wall such that the top of it will hit the chimney wall opposite the ladder. Two steel cables, thin but high tension wire, protrude from the top of the ladder into the wall where the ladder is normally attached.

The tense part of the trap comes now. All of the rungs, with the exception of the one the character is hanging onto, are built to pull free when pressure is put on them from an angle other than normal when climbing. In other words, while they will work normally for climbing, using them



like horizontal bars will pull them free and cause a long fall if the delver has not got a strong grip on the good rung.

The way out of the trap, of course, is to hang onto the outside edges of the ladder and work along that while ignoring the rungs altogether. If the adventurer gets to the cabled end, he will hit a switch that will draw the ladder upright again. If he goest to the other end, the ladder will retract slowly as the balance is changed.



Mike's second offering is a time-activated trap he calls **step** This **Way**, **Please.** It uses the typical human trust that what was once safe is always safe.

The trap is activated by a pressure plate being stepped upon. This will work best in a paved corridor where the plate is actually brick or stone. Once it is stepped on, it will open a secret door about thirty feet up the corridor. Obviously then, the party has found a catch for the secret door. Once the character steps off the plate, the door slides shut.









3rd step: stupifies stepper

All of the characters will gather around the door while one of their fellows steps on the stone. Whoosh! The door slides open and a blast of flame envelops the corridor up to fifteen feet away. The person stepping on the stone will be fine, but his buddies will be singed. He naturally steps off the stone to cut the flame off. This action should be rewarded; the damage should be less for the characters getting burned. Once they prepare themselves for fire, the stone will be stepped upon a third time. The third's the charm, as a weighted post slams down out of the ceiling to catch the stepper. Flame is optional this time, and yes, the post will keep the door open.



This next trap is a corridor trap only by dint of the fact that most of the action takes place in a corridor. **Fore!** has got to be one of the most unusual traps Mike has ever worked out.

The set-up for the trap begins in a high-ceilinged corridor. There is a thick center beam running the length of the corridor. In the center of the stone-floored corridor there is a perfectly round boulder of granite resting upon a thin, granite pedestal that looks much like a golf tee. To the north, the corridor narrows, and the ceiling drops to the height of fifteen feet. Once the corridor gets smaller, the floor becomes made of wooden planks.

When the delvers hit a pressure plate in the wooden floor, the center beam of the main corridor swings down on a hidden hinge. A large, heavy section of the roof comes down with it, forming it into a mallet of sorts. This hits the boulder which goes flying down towards the party in the smaller corridor. The boulder should land and bounce through the delvers before it hits a weak spot in the wooden flooring and crashes through. Once it has crashed through, it will run beneath the corridor and smash most, if not all, of the wooden floor supports. This should cause the wooden floor to collapse when delvers place weight on it.

To add insult to injury, and to reset the trap, Mike has suggested the addition of a pipe for the ball that will magically accelerate its rate of speed and curve around to launch the boulder back down the corridor towards the mallet that propelled it. If all goes well, the ball will hit the mallet and smash it back into the ceiling while coming to rest back on its tee. If, however, adventurers get in the way ...









Mike's last trap, **Beware Flash Flood**, goes to great lengths to make the delvers do themselves in. The setting for this trap is a dark cavern with a deep chasm. The sound of running water can be heard from the chasm. Crossing the cavern, there is an old-looking rope bridge. Beside it is a well-worn sign splattered with bat guano that reads "Beware flash floods washing out the bridge."

Above the bridge, there is a huge room full of water. The floor of the room also forms the roof of the cavern above the bridge. The wood has been treated so it will not get soggy, and is held in place by air pressure. The water cannot drain out because no air can get in. On the underside of it, there is the nesting place for hundreds of huge bats.

The bats are herbivores and really not much of a threat to the adventurers. Walking upon the bridge will set it to swaying, however, and that will cause the bell hung on the underside of the bridge to ring. This will awaken the bats and cause them to fly about. Arrow shots at the bats are bound to hit and go through them or miss, hitting the roof in either case. Once that wooden roof is hit, air will get into the upper room and the whole thing falls in one vast flood, quick as a flash ...



Barry Sullivan has put his devious mind to insuring that the streets are not safe anymore. I like his style; he takes fairly simple ideas and presents them in a way that is difficult to anticipate or avoid.

His first effort, titled we All Fall Down, takes the idea of a pit being triggered by ope ning a door and makes a big production out of it. Any



attempt to find the pit near the door will fail, because there really is no pit. Instead, when the door is opened, the length of the hallway within twenty feet of the door slides down into the floor space. The adventurers are trapped, a captive audience to await your pleasure.

Barry's second trap, the **Beer Barrel stairwell**, combines the simplicity of a pit trap with the power of a siege machine. As the unsuspecting adventurer plods up a set of stairs, his foot breaks through a step. Breaking the board will release the pin holding several large beer barrels on the slightly inclined slope at the top of the stairs. The barrels will begin to roll and bounce their way down the steps, careening into the lead adventurer (remember that trapped leg). They'll probably crack and break open, the splintered ends providing a threat to the delvers below.

And what if their cargo is corrosive . . .

Matt Nadelhaft designed Hit 'em **Where He Ain't**, a trap that gets the adventurer coming or going. This trap can be located in any corridor that looks innocent and harmless (don't they all?). The delver will step on a pressure plate which causes two things to happen. Above the pressure plate, a section of the ceiling swings down and away from the delvers. From that section of the ceiling, a set of spears drop. The lucky character will actually dive forward. To step backwards is a problem.

At the same time as the spears are falling, the section of the floor the delver has just passed over will slide to the side. A rack of spikes will be snapped up into place behind the delver, blocking the corridor. If the delver jumps back, bang, impaled by his own weight.









Corridor Traps

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Matt's second corridor offering is another do-it-yourself doom called I'll Take a Stab at That. This trap is located in a very narrow corridor where the characters may well have to move sideways to pass. As they move through the hallway, they notice archer's ports on one side of the corridor. Peering into the port will reveal a set of glowing eyes very close to the port itself. A bit of magic will be sensed by

those able to do so. The port is backed with a teleportation field that will make anything thrust into it appear directly across the corridor. If, then, a sword is thrust at the eyes in a northerly direction, it will reappear from the south wall travelling north. That should carry it right into the back of the character wielding it. And if the fields work reciprocally, woe be to the character who turns and thrusts at the wall behind him ...

Peter Yearsley, having smashed delvers with his room trap, now gives us Oil's Well That Ends Well, a method for broiling them to a turn. I think this man would be great fun at a luau.

The delvers are forced to open a door into a section of hallway running east to west. At the far end of the corridor, there is another door similar to the door that they have just entered through. The doors are thick and heavy panelled affairs that are specially constructed. Each door is really a hollow reservoir of oil. The wooden paneling in the door will accept a crossbow bolt, but the bolt will pull free under 80 pounds of pressure. This will cause the oil to come pouring into the hallway. The backing for the oil reservoir is a layer of stone or steel that will prevent a bolt from ripping all the way through the door, the outer face of the door having been panelled to hide the steel shield.

The middle of the corridor has an eight-foot long firepit that completely occupies the corridor. There is also a threefoot high invisible wall (magic or of very thick glass) that begins at floor level and cuts the corridor in half above the firepit. Heat pours out of the pit, the shimmering of the heat waves helping to conceal this wall. The pit is full of red-hot coals.

The north and south walls of the corridor are thin patinas of stone that hold back still more oil. These reservoirs will come



ⁱnto play if anyone begins to tunnel around the pit or sinks pitons into the walls to aid climbing around the pit.

Every method for getting across the pit, save flying, teleporting, or walking, has been accounted for and has been provided with a flaming reward. A character who jumps will probably catch the invisible wall in the shins and pitch face forward into the far side of the pit. To damage the doors or walls works as well as pouring gasline (petrol) on a barbecue. Door damage will also sink a pin through the bottom of each door, locking the characters in until they can batter the door down.

Of course Peter does provide a way around this inferno. Walking across will trigger the magical formation of an invisible walkway that will allow passage without harm. Fiendish, and you wondered why the sun never set on the British Empire ...

> Brandon Corey has offered us another trap that is certain to earn him more electro-shock therapy. It is called the **Russian Roulette stairway**, and it is no stairway to heaven.

The adventurers are presented with a narrow stairway going up at a 45° angle. The steps themselves are slightly rounded and are

bracketed on both sides by walls. There are no handrails. As a delver climbs the stairs, he will hit one of several trigger steps that will cause a multitude of effects.

The reason for the stairs being slightly rounded is because the adventurers are looking at one of six possible faces to a stairway carousel. Hitting the trigger step on any one of the six faces will immediately cause the stairway to rotate to the right and put into effect the trap on the next stairway. In other words, hitting the trigger on set one shifts the stairs to set two and causes the trap in set two to go off. A tad complex, but the need for this type of deception is vital.

The first set trap is to have the stairs flatten to a slide. When all weight is removed from the slide, the steps will reset and be prepared to trigger set two.

Set two will cause the steps to heat up and toast the toes of characters on the stairs. Set three will freeze, a nasty effect if the feet have been roasted on set two.

The fourth set will swing "ram-u"d and present the characters with a pit. The bottom of the pit is the trigger for the fourth set; anyone landing on the pit bottom will cause the stairs to whirl again. The people in the pit will then be trapped.

The fifth step is probably the most cruel. The trigger step for it will collapse, sinking a character knee-deep in the floor. As the stair turns the character becomes much shorter.

The sixth and last set has a amusing magical .effect. All characters over sixfeet tall will have their height cut in half and anyone shorter than six-feet will be









doubled in size. Two trips on this set should be enough to get everyone back to normal, but it can be fun.

One last word about the characters trapped in the pit. They can, by jumping up and landing at the same time on the floor, cause the stairs to turn. Whether or not the stairs open onto more than one corridor is up to you, but that might well be a way to capture or divide the party you are coursing.

The spring slab is a floor trap by Cathy DeMott that should work quite well in a corridor. The trap consists of a two-ton monolith which rests on top of a powerful spring. When set, the monolith fits neatly into the floor - but if someone steps on the stone, the spring is released, sending the stone (and its cargo) into the ceiling with great force. The stone then drops back into place, causing the spring latch to catch and reset the trap for another crew of unwary delvers ...

Fred Meyer is responsible for the next three traps. I recommend that you install these only in tunnels where the walls are already darkened or stained, as these traps have a tendency to dispatch delvers in a rather messy way. After all, you don't want to give away any clues as to what's ahead.

Fred's first trap is the Bee-Hive Trap. You can place it either in a dead-end corridor or on the ceiling of any hallway. The characters are likely to be a bit apprehensive when they spot the operating factor of this trap - a steel bee-hive with many perforations - but the gamble here is that such an odd object will make the delvers curious enough to abandon their normal caution.

The trap itself is activated when a pressure plate a few feet before the hive is



stepped upon. This causes the hive to fire over one hundred half-inch steel darts down the corridor at a dismaying speed. The darts will bounce off stone but will rip through flesh and most armor, resulting in total chaos in the section of corridor about five feet away from the hive.

For depravity above and beyond the call of duty, you can make the darts rusty or coat them with poison - or do both! - to ensure that even the merest nick will be painfully fatal ...


Fred's next trap, **The Double Scythe**, is no less heinous; the Grim Reaper (a distant relative of mine) gets them coming and going. If you want your killer traps to leave their victims in handy bite-sized chunks, then this is the trap for you.

Stepping upon a hidden pressure plate releases two scythe blades - one from the ceiling and one from the floor. The blades skim through the corridor at a sickening speed, in opposite directions. Even if a character is wearing armor thick enough to turn or stop the blades, he still faces the very real danger of a broken back from sheer impact damage alone.



Fred's final corridor trap, **The Pendulum**, is similar to *The Double Scythe*. However, it was designed to decimate a drove of delvers, rather than a single character.

This trap is also activated by a pressure plate. However, instead of scythes, a long, large pendulum is released from the ceiling to swing down the length of the corridor. The pendulum bob is a wide, flat blade (similar to a hatchet) and fills the corridor to less than 6" from the walls on either side. At the beginning and end of its swing, the blade should catch characters in the upper body; near the midpoint of the swing, it will hit knees and ankles. Considering the weight and velocity of the pendulum, it should slice neatly (or not so neatly) through almost anything.

James Walker, the smiling, cherub-faced demon of fantasy games, has offered **Pyromaniac's Comet** as an exciting way to torch those who love battering everything to death. The delvers find themselves in a long, dark corridor. Torch or lamplight will reveal twinkling pieces of quartz set into the floor. It could almost look as though the characters were walking upon stars. Down at the far end of the corridor is a newly constructed brick wall. A block is missing from each of the two lower corners as well as the middle, and two bricks are gone from the top row.



As the characters move down the hallway to investigate, a wall will silently slide up from the floor and cut them off. This quiet wall has two squares cut from it that











correspond to the two top bricks missing in the wall. In sliding up, it opens two channels that will allow natural gas to flow out of the lower holes in the brick wall.

Natural gas, being odorless and heavier than air, will flow into the small section of the hallway unnoticed and hover around the legs of the characters. Short characters may well fall prey to this gas; lucky them. They won't be around for what follows.

On the ceiling, running through the openings on both walls, there are two tracks. Down each track, literally fired from a secret hideaway near where the characters enter the hall, will come gunpowder rockets or flaming arrows. If left alone, the rockets and arrows will pass through the gassed area and cause no problem. If, however, they are batted from the sky by spell or weapon, the introduction of fire into a natural gas pocket should prove interesting.

The reason for the hole in the middle of the brick wall, you ask? As the party members scrunch to the middle of the corridor to avoid the rockets, they line up perfectly for crossbow practice by any monster in the area.



Larry DiTillio has designed a pair of corridor traps for this chapter. Each is truly bizarre - which should make them uniformly successful in any tunnel complex.



Larry's first corridor trap is the somewhat ridiculous (yet deadly) **There and Back Again.** This trap appears to the delvers as a veritable cornfield of 5' high wooden stakes poking up out of the floor. This section of floor, in combination

with an equal expanse of corridor floor in front of the stakes, forms an-immense swinging trapdoor which covers a deep pit.

When a delver comes to within a few feet of the stakes, he will upset the balance of the trapdoor and drop into the pit below. As this happens, the trapdoor will continue to swing around and re-cover the pit - with the spikes facing down! Meanwhile, the delver will have hit the trampoline at the bottom of the pit. He bounces back up and onto the spikes, causing the trapdoor to flop back into its original position with the delver messily impaled upon the spikes ...

Larry's second corridor trap, **The Mangler**, is also his most savage. Its title tells it all, it was designed to bend, spindle, and mutilate most any delver. $zz = z = z = \frac{1}{2}$

The trap is activated by stepping upon a pressure plate. This causes three tempered steel rods to whip out from the nearest wall at three different heights. The two end bars move in one direction; the middle rod moves in the opposite direction. They should catch an average-sized human in the knees, the small of the back, and the head simultaneously. If such treatment doesn't kill the charcter outright, it should certainly cause some severe changes to his or her "alignment"...

Brian Marrs brings us Rocky **Point**, a pit-and-stake trap that not only adds

insult to injury, but adds injury to injury as well.

The trap is sprung when a hapless victim tumbles through a trapdoor in the floor. A short fall lands the delver in a net; unless he is unusually light, he'll dislodge the net - and the two heavy boulders which were attached to the net and precariously balanced on a narrow ledge. When the delver hits bottom, he'll be impaled on the stakes below, with nothing but stone above for comfort.













Only Time Will **Tile** is a corridor trap by David Steven Moskowitz. The setting is a long corridor with an object of great value displayed enticingly at the far end. The floor has been decorated with marble tiles which are separated by wide patches of grout or plaster; the tiles are placed just far enough apart so that a character must leap from one to another to remain on the tiles.

Whenever a delver steps on a tile, a stream of poisoned darts shoots from a nearby wall, passing within inches of him. The delver will doubtless think his alertness and agility have saved him from certain death - but the darts are supposed to miss. However, they should encourage characters to step off the tiles and onto the plaster.

The marble tiles are actually the tops of pillars in the room beneath this corridor and the area between the tiles is only a thin layer of plaster. The result: when a delver puts his full weight onto the plaster, he'll fall through the floor to whatever doom awaits him below ...





P. D. J. Wright offers us the British eye view of a nasty pit trap entitled **Meet the Pit.** As there are many ways to skin a cat, most of them painful, this trap shows us that there is more than one way to pit a delver.

The pit is a mere six feet across and as wide as the corridor itself. The delvers may walk to the edge of the pit and look in to see the bottom 25 feet below. The pit may be filled with anything - the sharper, the better - making the pit obviously something to be avoided. And what delver is going to be daunted by a leap of six feet?

The trap comes in when the delver lands on the other side and finds that the

other side was an illusion. Even nastier is the idea of building the opposite lip of the pit up of balsa wood and plaster, a construct solid enough for coins to land but weak enough to collapse under the weight of a jumping adventurer. Below the false lip is a 45° slope leading back into the pit. After sliding down the slope - perhaps it is studded with razor blades or hooks - the delver should have a fall of 12 feet into the bottom of the pit he just avoided.

We have met the pit, and we are his ...

Ken St. Andre has come through this time with a number of strange and interesting traps. Ken says that his first two traps are so fiendish that he's never used them on anyone. I really must have a talk with that boy. He's slipping.

Ken's first trap is called 111 **Case of Fire,** and t is set within a long, 10' wide corridor. One wall of the corridor is rough-hewn stone; the other wall is clearly made of tempered plate glass. It is very dark on the other side of the glass, but from time to time delvers will see tiny lights moving about randomly. If they watch carefully, they might even see a huge suckered tentacle swipe across the glass ...

The corridor floor is paved with brownishblack chunks of stone that make walking slow and difficult. Noxious fumes rise up from these rocks, making the delvers' eyes blear and water. In point of fact, these blackish stones are |umps of coal liberally soaked in kerosene - and the slightest spark will convert the corridor into a raging inferno.

Painted in huge red letters on the stone wall is the message: "In case of fire, break glass."

At this point, smart delvers will turn tail and **flee.** However, since everyone is still inside the corridor, things get interesting ...

When the party has picked their way about ten feet inside the corridor, an orc who has been observing them from the far side of the hall will fling a shuttered lantern onto the coal. The lantern will break, igniting the coal, and the corridor will quickly become an oven. Only those characters immune to fire can hope to live for more than a few seconds.

If (by some fluke) a delver should act with





great presence of mind and smash the glass wall at the first sign of flame, the sea behind the glass will rush in to fill the corridor. For the first few seconds, water hitting the coals will turn to steam, converting the entire corridor into a vast sauna that should boil even the toughest delvers alive. The fire will then be extinguished - but now the hallway is filled with water (you may want to install watertight hatches on the corridors near this trap, unless you actually want to flood your whole dungeon!).

Some mega-characters may actually claim to survive the fumes, the flames, the boiling, and the drowning. If that's the case, remind him that there's still an enormous kraken lurking in the water beyond the corridor (remember that tentacle?). Whatever gaming system is being used, the kraken should be about as tough as monsters can get. Bye-bye mega-character.

Suffice it to say that unless a delver can teleport out of harm's way at the first sign of trouble, he's a goner.

Too Many Tentacles is another trap that uses the sea and kraken seen in the previous trap; however, its probably located in a different part of the dungeon. These two traps could be thematically linked together to provide the final obstacles to a quest for some fabulous undersea treasure like Davy)ones' Locker or an old army boot.

The trap is a strange corridor that is about six feet wide. One wall of the corridor is beaten iron with a number of barely perceptible cracks (the delvers will have to search diligently to find them). The opposite wall is made of a soft gelatinous substance that seems vaguely magical in nature. It has a pink glow and a nauseous stench, and it feels cold and clammy. Beyond this wall of slime lies the ocean - and the kraken - as described in the preceding trap.

The corridor ceiling cannot be seen, for suspended from it are thousands of whipi ke tentacles. These tentacles extend to within three feet of the floor, and they are in constant motion. Each tentacle is about as tough in combat as an average human and can deliver a powerful, poisonous sting akin to that of a medusa jellyfish.

As if this weren't enough, the floor of this corridor is also booby-trapped - it's a jungle of pressure plates. Some of the plates release clouds of poisoned needles. Some activate trap doors which drop characters into pits filled with spikes fouled with gorilla dung. Others set off mechanical chakram-throwers that fog the clear



Too Many Tentacles



part of the corridor with whirling disks of death.

After the delvers have survived about 150' of pressure plates and tentacles, the true horror of this trap strikes. A very large pressure plate causes a 100' section of the steel wall to slam across the corridor, smashing into the delvers like a charging behemoth and driving them through the gelatinous wall and into the sea beyond. The sudden pressure change should make almost any delver explode like a cherry bomb. Failing that, there's always the kraken waiting around for din-din ...

Those characters who are stuck inside pit traps (beneath floor level), or who are thoroughly entangled by the tentacles near the ceiling, will be fortunate enough to avoid the steel wall by virtue of being out of its way. If they can avoid the springloaded steel wall in this manner, they should find themselves behind it in another section of the dungeon if and when they escape their present predicament. After a decent length of game time (say, five minutes), the trap will reset to catch the next group of characters to wander through ...

Ken set aside his obsession with tentacles and other creepy crawlies when he designed this next set of traps, all of which depend upon the theme of a dungeon interconnected by chutes and slides instead of stairs. You can do a lot of interesting things with chutes, and I'm having some installed next week. . .

Ken's first chute trap is called **ChUte the** LOOP. It utilizes a long, steep chute which curves abruptly at the bottom, executes a large loop, and then dumps the slider back into the chute on his downward progress once again. By placing a levitation spell on the upswing of the loop, you can keep whatever poor fool of a delver who gets stuck here looping around and around until he either dies or is rescued.

Next on Ken's list is the Amazing GInsu ChUte. This is a very slippery chute that is barely large enough for a goodsized human to fit into. just before the chute ends, it splits into two chutes half as large as the original. The dividing line for the chutes is a razor-sharp blade. The sliding delver s own momentum should provide enough force to neatly bisect him when he reaches the parting of the way ... If the character is wearing heave armor, the razor won't harm him; however,









the impact will probably knock him silly enough to try to climb back up the slippery slope, whereupon he'll simply slide back down again (doubtless becoming more and more si mple-minded in the process) ...



Dead End adds a nice twist to your typical chute trap. The chute is large enough for one or two characters to enter at a time - and, as might be expected, terminates in a wall of spikes ready to impale whatever slides down to meet them. However, this trap has an added feature. Halfway down is a spring-loaded guillotine blade which is triggered by the weight of a passing delver. After a character flashes by, the blade will shoot out and cut any rope which may be trailing back to the entrance of the chute ...

Ken's next chute trap is called **Emergency EXIt.** Near the entrance to this chute, post a sign saying something like "Emergency Exit - this chute is guaranteed to get you out of the dungeon alive." The chute itself should be very long - thousands of feet, at the very least - so that the delver must spend several minutes sliding through it in total darkness. When at last the chute ends, the victim will whiz out of a hole on the face of a cliff that's at least 500' high. The character has indeed exited the dungeon alive, and he is in fine shape if he can only fly. Otherwise, the exit has indeed caused a real emergency ...



A **Chuting Gallery** is a nice item to install in your orc barracks, especially if you want to provide your poor monsters with some interesting entertainment.

The chute looks normal - but instead of ending at the bottom, it turns abruptly upward to propel its contents into the air. The delver will rocket out of the darkness of the chute and into your brightly-lit barracks, where a squadron of orcs will be waiting with crossbows to blow him out of the air like a clay pigeon. Even if all the orcs miss their shots, the delver must still contend with slamming into the ceiling. And don't forget the orcs themselves, who will be understandably upset at their failure to feather their target ...

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I've put several of the following traps to their best use at the front door of my cave. I change the door every once in a while; so far, I've bagged three salesmen, fifteen religious fanatics, a politician, two mailmen, and the paper boy. Door Traps







open this chapter with the ever-devious Mark Bassett's **Double Trap.** This is one of those devices that just screams "Trap!!!" to anyone who sees it - but Mark puts this effect to amazingly good use.

On one side of a corridor is an ornately carved door; on the opposite wall is a heavy panel, also ornately carved, with lots of iron spikes attached. Apparently any attempt to incorrectly open the door will tenderize a delver - and numerous bloodstains in the area only serve to reinforce this suspicion.

However, the spikes don't move - the door does. In fact, the door is just a false front for an enormous spring which is set to slam the door across the corridor and into the wall of spikes. The spring is cocked at hair-trigger readiness, and the delver who monkeys with the door will be pulped before he can draw his last breath.

There is a door here, but it's a secret one. Where is it hidden? Why, behind the spikes, of course ...





The **Sandman /Doorman** trap by Michael Austin opens up a new way of dealing with those characters who steal dungeon fixtures for treasure and deftly avoid the traps laid for them.

The door that is set up to be stolen is made of solid gold. Friezes of villagers doing normal peasant-type things are exquisitely sculpted upon the door's surface. Details, such as nostrils and mouths, are included and are vital to the trap. The value of such a door, either for the gold or for the sculpture, is incalculable.

The trap is within the hollow interior of the door. In the upper half of the door is packed great



quantities of a solid chemical that serves as one half of a knock-out gas. In the lower section of the door, there is a liquid that serves as the second half. In between the two halves are two glass doors that are hinged to open up towards the dry chemical. The doors have about a foot between themselves and the dry chemical or liquid when the door is upright. The glass doors touch and do not allow mixture of the two chemicals.

The trap should be obvious. If the door is battered upon, the glass will shatter and enough of the dry chemical will drop down to begin the manufacture of sleeping gas. The people attempting to batter the door down will become drowsy very fast. They will also destroy many of the sculptures.

If the door is removed from its hinges and set down gently, the liquid will seek its own level, knocking the lower of the glass doors down. The liquid flooding the upper chamber will produce lots of gas which will leak out through the sculpted nostrils. Any characters in the immediate area, lifting or lowering the door, should be overcome. I would imagine that their dreams might not be so pleasant.



Andy Beauchamp brings us **Spring Cleaver**, a door trap that could be sponsored by the prosthetics industry. This trap is a door with a sign hanging upon it which reads, "Open and Watch Me Spring Into Action." A spike protrudes a few inches out from the doorknob itself.

Turning the doorknob releases a spring which shoots the knob at the person who turned it. The spring is so powerful that the character holding the knob will probably lose his grip on it. At the same time, razor-sharp blades spring out from inside the knob, blossoming into a lethal cleaver. While this trap may not kill a character, it will certainly maim the person who trips it.





Shrieker Shrinker





). E. Todd contributes his **Shrieker Shrinker** to this chapter of traps. His door trap was designed to deal specifically with those delvers who like to open a door, take a quick peek into the room, and then slam the door and run away. If the monsters in your dungeon are tired of chasing after these peeping toms, you might install this trap for them.

This trap is activated by lifting the latch on a seemingly standard dungeon door. A hidden wire releases a portcullis from the ceiling on either side of the door, trapping the characters in a $10' \times 10'$ section of corridor in front of the door.

If the delvers then walk through the door, nothing else happens. If, however, they attempt to raise a portcullis, they will release an 80-ton block of granite from the ceiling above their heads. Subtle, is it not?



The Catastrophic Keyhole is a door trap by Bruce Woodcock. It was designed to destroy the pesky lock-pickers that infest any dungeon-delving group.

This trap is hidden inside a standard dungeon door; there are no marks or unusual features to arouse a character's suspicions. But appearances can be deceiving - t door is actually a cleverly-designed bomb just waiting to be set off ...

When a key or lockpick is inserted into the door's keyhole, a lever is tripp





The lever is actually a steel striker, which slides along a flint plate. One poke, or even two, might not cause a spark sufficient to touch off the specially prepared (and highly flammable - of course!) piece of cloth which is all around the strikeplate. But as the interloper continues to work the lockpick or the key that seems to fit, eventually a spark will catch on the cloth. (Guncotton is a suitable material: it catches a spark well, and burns just right). This cotton acts like a fuse, and burns down its length to the reservoir of gunpowder which fills the lower portion of the

door. The resulting explosion should at the very least blind the character who set it off. It's far more probable that he'll be blown limb from limb...

What lies beyond this door of doom is up to you-but a blank expanse of brick wall is perhaps the most offensive sight, given the situation...

An even less subtle yet horrendous doom-bringer, is Greg Day's 2X4 **Headache.** This is sure to be a slap in the face for any careless delver...

Simple in its contruction, this trap merely consists of a spike-studded board which flops over into the doorway whenever the door is opened. If the delver is of normal (that usually means human) height, he receives a face full of spikes. If they are taller or shorter ... well, you can use your own vivid imaginations to envision the possibilities!





What YOU Don't Know VVIII Hurt YOU is a revolving door trap from Brandon Corey (who is recovering quite nicely, thank you). This door trap is notable inasmuch as it sinks to new depths - or at least the delvers caught in it do. The revolving door will only move in a clockwise direction; near the end of the door's rotation, the floor drops away into a pit. If a delver is running through the door with careless abandon, his own momentum will sweep him into the pit. And even if the delver should notice the pit in time to stop the door, he'll still be trapped - the door revolves only in one direction. He'll escape only if he can somehow make it across the pit ...



Tired of adventurers finding your well-placed poison needle in the lock trap? Charles Manson was, so he designed the **Sackstabber**, a splendid demonstration of overkill at its finest.

The delvers are presented with an innocuous-looking door. When the handle to the door is worked, the enormous, poisoned, sharpened telephone pole hidden in the wall opposite the door is fired toward the delver's back at tremendous speed. This ought to plaster the delver opening the door, and may take out a number of his buddies if they're standing close behind him. This pole is going fast enough to knock down the door, so don't use it to guard your teacup collection ...



If it's possible to go overboard with traps, then item traps are the easiest to overdo. Almost any item you can think of can become a trap – from a pair of boots to one's gauntlets, from ornamental armbands to a delver's trusty shield.

It pains me to say this – but go easy with these traps. As much as I enjoy watching delvers perish, it isn't as much fun when everything the party touches is a bomb waiting to explode. If you use too many item traps, your delvers will become paranoid nervous wrecks – and your dungeon trips will slow to a crawl.

Item Traps



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This chapter opens with a trilogy of oddball item traps for Pat Mueller, an avenging oddball in her own right. None of these traps are lethal, but each is sure to frustrate and annoy delvers ...

First on my list is **They Cried With Their Boots On**, a normal-looking pair of knee-high leather boots that can easily be added to any monster's cache of treasure. The right boot has a built-in dagger sheath, complete with an elaborately



tooled dagger, which should make the boots attractive to almost any delver.

However, there's some strange magic in these boots. As long as no one is wearing them, the dagger can be pulled from its sheath. As soon as a delver puts the boots on his feet, though, the dagger won't come free for all the tugging in the world - and the character's hand is now stuck to the hilt of the dagger!

> The magic is cancelled, freeing the dagger and hand alike, once the boots are removed. Inordinately clumsy characters should make fools out of themselves while trying to contort their way out of these boots with one hand stuck uselessly to their right ankle ... especially if they're trying to fight at the same time ...

> Metal armbands have been all the rage since fantasy artists started clamping them on the naked biceps of their barbarian heroes. I have always considered them quite useless. After all, they are pitifully small to be armor, and nothing can help the looks of barbarians. Simple things amuse simple minds. A delver ought to leap at the

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chance to own a pair - and, hence, Pat's next deceptively subtle trap: **Magnetic Arm Bands.**

Should a delver slip on these ornate armbands, they will build up a biomagnetic charge within about five minutes. They'll clamp together - $_{ka-chang}$ - and will be very difficult to **pull** apart. If these armbands are donned by an especially wimpy would-be barbarian, the attraction of the bands might lead to dislocated shoulders.



Pat's last trap is the Slime Gauntlet, which is sure to amuse idiots for hours and hours.

The trap is a magic gauntlet which, if it touches any loose gemstones, transforms them into an inanimate slime of the same color. The slime is useless, but functions admirably as a toy for the feeble-minded ...

Similar to the Slime Gauntlet in feel but different in effect is Larry DiTillio's Glue-Gems. These are odd-looking jewels, colored something like rubies and emeralds, that are always found in an airtight container. In reality, the gems are a weird form of "super glue"; when exposed to open air, they steadily melt into a gluey, gelatinous gook.

The delver who casually dumps these gems into his pack or pouch - or pocket - is in for a big surprise. Once melted, the gems cannot be re formed, and everything they come in contact with is permanently stuck together (sort of like peanut brittle). These gems can be especially nasty if they're deposited into a sack containing a mage's favorite scrolls or spellbook.

If you're kind-hearted (fie!), you can create some sort of solvent to unstick the mess.

Torches always make good item traps, and the Ole Smokey Torch by Larry DiTillio is no exception. This torch looks like an ordinary firebrand in appearance. When it burns halfway down, however, the flame touches off a concentration of noxious chemicals which causes thick black smoke to pour out and engulf the

torch-holder and anyone near him. If nothing else, this should prove rather inconvenient for the party.

James Brazier brings us the Scold's Bridle, a must for loudmouths in the dungeon party. It works especially well on egomaniacs with swollen heads.

This trap appears to be a heavily jewelled crown of great worth. With any luck, the loudmouth of your dungeon party will claim



Figure 1.





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this pretty bauble for his very own; he'll probably even try it on. As soon as this crown is upon a character's head, however, it shrinks to an uncomfortable fit and cannot be removed.

Every time the crowned character attempts to unfairly boss the party around, the crown will tighten slightly. Eventually it will crush his skull, but should cause blackouts and brain damage first. And perhaps the rest of the party will take the opportunity presented by the loudmouth's condition to remove his head for the crown atop **it** ...



For Someone Special is an elegantly simple item trap by Caroline J. Maher. This trap is sure to be a killer, so make sure you save it for the most special of targets.

This Trap is a parrot cage draped in a silk cover. You can ornament the cover with whatever sentiments you choose. Clear the room before someone removes the cover, however - for within lurks a basilisk!

When not displaying his talent with a brush or pen, Steve Crompton is a fiend in his own right. His second contribution to this year's trap book comes in the form of the **Gallium Grapple**, a trap as cold and

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cruel as the environment needed to make it work.

Hidden at the base of a huge, icy cliff where the temperature is well below zero, the adventurers find a padded grappling hook with a length of rope attached to it. At the top of the cliff, something is glowing, and strong, beneficent magic can be sensed.

Using the grappling hook and rope to ascend will take four casts of the hook. The final cast will hook the top of the cliff. Here is where the trap is sprung because the hook that has held on for the other three times will now fail. Gallium has a low

melting point, and the magic on the cliff top causes everything to warm up to 100° F within thirty seconds of landing there. That should be enough time for a character to be in mid-climb before the hook melts and goes away. It works as a costly experiment in practical chemistry.

Liz Danforth and Mike Stackpole offer a quick and simple trap designed to have players tearing their hair out in frustration, or something to the same effect. **Excaliber Reprise** begins







when the characters discover a huge boulder in the dungeon. Sunk up to the hilt in the boulder is a sword. The hilt is black and large enough for two hands. When the sword is pulled from the stone, and it should take some strength to do so, the adventurer finds he now owns a five-foot ong black broadsword with glowing runes worked up and down the blade. The runes are strange, one of them consisting of three megaphones within a circle, the smaller end of each pointing at a dot in the middle of the circle. The runes, when translated - and it should take a long time to do so - will read "Property of the Nuclear Regulatory Agency." The runes glow without magic, you see, and when a character's hair begins

to fall out, ' and other signs of radiation sickness begin to show themselves, translating the runes will be the least of the character's worries. One should never go pulling irradiated swords from their lead-lined boulder sheaths...

The following item trap was designed by Scot Rhoads; it is a weapon with a twist, and should lead to any delver's undoing.

The Swiss Army Sword looks deceptively normal. However, the hilt of this sword is another case entirely - it is split such that the sword blade can pass freely between the halves. One good whack n combat, and the tang will break free from its rear supports, causing the sword to pivot back through the hilt on one pin. If you sharpen the tang as well, you can relieve the delver of any extra fingers ...

Most treasure comes in the form of loose coinage, so it only seems natural that coins should be trapped somehow. The following two traps describe ways this can be accomplished. While neither trap is 'dangerous," each insures that the coins they protect won't be had without paying a price.











Figure 2.

Figure 3.

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The coins in Liz Danforth's **Funny Money Trap** are magical, and work best when found apart from some massive treasure. Whenever one of these coins comes into contact with a normal coin, both disappear.

Most characters just dump loot into their packs - to do so with *Funny Money* means they'll end up with less than they started out with. Effective use of this trap requires you to keep track of how much money your characters keep where, but I think you'll find the frustrated responses of your delvers to be well worth the effort.



John Strain's **The Heavy Coins Trap** uses real money, but is no less frustrating. A thin, transparent coating has been applied to the coins of any hoard; this coating causes the coins to weigh about half again as much as they should. A delver who picks up a single coin

probably won't be able to feel the difference. However, when he dumps the hoard into his pack, he'll probably stagger under the increased load.

You'll have to decide how the coating could be removed. Intense heat or a sharp blow might do the trick.

Larry DiTillio has come through for me again with a weapon trap that spares nothing to provide the utmost in discomfort for delvers.

The "Don't sweat it" Polearm trap is a nifty-looking pole-arm, embellished with a magical glow for effect. Its bearer will find that it functions just like any normal pole arm ... with just one catch.

The haft of this two-handed weapon has been liberally coated with a superadhesive that is activated by sweat. Unless he wears gauntlets of one type or another, a person using this weapon will find that his hands are glued to it! The pole-arm is indestructible, so our hapless delver has a new quest: the search for the proper type of solvent.



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The next two item traps were designed by Bucky Hernandez, my favorite dungeon master from south of the border.

First is the Matchless Shield, a fine wooden shield decorated with a boss of set stone. Unbeknownst to the lucky finder of this shield, however, the stone portion is flint, and the wood has been impregnated with a flammable oil. A careful inspection will probably reveal these anomalies - but whoever said that a treasure-grabbing delver is always careful?

The shield will hold up quite well in combat - until it is used against a foe with steel weapons. Then, any shot taken on the flint boss will strike a fat spark - which will ignite the shield! The shield will burn in a most spectacular manner, as will the delver's arm ...

The End of Your Rope takes the form of a heavy length of coiled rope with a grappling hook attached. While the rope appears to be normal hemp, there is, in fact, much more to it than meets the eye.

The entire rope is woven around a long fuse. Attached to this fuse at the rope's midpoint is a small, airtight vial filled with a volatile chemical compound. When the rope is stretched (something that happens when it is used to climb something, or to pull a person out of a pit), the vial opens and the chemical hits the fuse. The rope smolders for about a minute before burning up all at once from the inside out. This could cause a bit of a panic if the rope is being used to scale a cliff ...

Of course, if the delvers cut the rope open, they'll discover its true nature - but who's going to think of that?







As usual, I have a number of traps that just won't fit neatly into a category. They're not rooms, or corridors, or doors, and can't be stuffed into a delver's knapsack. However, they will burn, maim, squash, bloat, and generally annoy almost anyone.

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Things can come in almost any form – but when you get right down to it, "deadly" is the shape of the things to come . . .

Things



My first two "thing" traps were created by Mark Bassett. If you combine both traps, you could flypaper a delver to the floor while roasting the flesh from his bones. Good sport, what?

The EPOXY **Trap** is to be found in a corridor that is covered with foul-smelling, oily puddles. One puddle will coat the feet or boots of anyone who sloshes through it with a gooey substance. If the delver doesn't pause to clean his feet, but immediately steps into the next puddle, he completes the application of epoxy - and finds himself stuck to the floor. The epoxy quickly hardens, and no human can pry it loose. The epoxy can only be removed through tedious picking with a sharp knife, or through the application of the proper solvent.



Once your victims are stuck to the floor, try springing the Napalm Rocks trap on them. The "rocks" are actually rare root bladders found in the lairs of snollygosters; the roots store food in the form of a jellied fatty oil that is highly flammable.

Attach several of these roots to the ceiling of your dungeon. They'll be inconspicuous until someone touches a torch to them - which will burst the skin of the root and shower flaming



oil onto the delver below. To be fair, the delvers might actually notice the oddly shaped and colored lumps in the ceiling, and recognize the abnormality before they get fried ...

Jonathan Bernick's sinister brand of trap construction oozed forth again in Genius Gold, and this gives us perhaps a glimpse of how Jonathan comes up with his diabolical devices.

In a chest, or a sack or pile, adventurers find gold coins that look fairly normal. The unusual feature to these coins, on the surface at least, is that instead of having a face or profile stamped upon them, they bear a representation of a brain. They



stack, feel, smell, and taste like gold, but despite the glitter, gold they are not.

Each of the coins is a piece of a hive mind. The more a delver gathers, the more powerful the mind he is transporting gets. The coins begin to use the delver like a horse to get the delver to transport them where they wish to go. They subtly take control of the delver's mind. They influence his choices by adding illusory, auditory, and other clues. From one passage, the adventurer might possibly hear the laughter of women and children playing, or think he smells fresh air, while another passage looks dark, dingy, and smells of brimstone.

When the mind has gotten where it wants to be, it will probably make the delver believe there is something to spend his money on or a fountain to wish upon before him. Once he has thrown the mind away, the delver will be sent off. The mind will wait ... until the next time.

Tired of delvers burning up your giant spiders? These next three traps are sure to put some new life into the old cliche of torching spiders in their lairs.

The first is the **Spiderweb Fuse Trap**, by Bucky Hernandez. This trap is sure to re-educate those anti-arachnid types who delight in burning up the homes of poor innocent spiders.

The trap takes the form of a room apparently filled with spiderwebs. For effect, include a clever mock-up of a large nasty spider. When the delvers set their torches to the webs for kicks, they'll find that they have just ignited an interlocking series of fast-burning fuses! The fuses are connected to kegs of oil or black powder in the walls of the room. When the flames touch off the kegs, the resulting explosion will either fill the room with flaming oil, or bring the ceiling and walls crashing down in a thunderous explosion on top of the callous home-wreckers! Bammo - delver quiche!











The next trap in this trilogy of spider-savers is the **Miss Moffat Engine of Destruction**, designed by Michael Austin. Its construction is simple and elegant - and its effect is ghastly.

The central feature of the trap is a large bronze sphere. Inserted into opposite sides of the sphere are two L-shaped pipes which point in opposite directions. The device is similar to Hero's steam engine - except that the globe is filled with a flammable liquid instead of water.

The sphere is camouflaged until it looks like the abdomen of a large spider. Legs and a forebody are added by using clay, paper mache, or any other acceptable material. The spider is then placed in the center of the floor, in an area relatively free of obstructions. To heighten the effect, add spiderwebs.

If the delvers hit the "spider" with a torch, the sphere will ignite. The L-shaped jets will cause the sphere to spin madly about on the floor, spewing flaming liquid throughout the room and onto the party.

As the final horror, consider combining this mocked-up spider with the *Spiderweb Fuse Trap* described above. Now you're talking about mayhem ...





Our last "spider trap' is the **Black** *Widow* **Pinata** by Larry DiTillio and Pad O'Connor. This trap is designed to reward quick action.

Opening the door to this room trips a hidden catch, which silently releases what looks like a huge black widow spider. The spider hurtles down towards the door on a web line. If the delvers rush forward and slash open the spider with their weapons, they'll find that the spider is really just a hollow papier mache mock-up and is filled with thousands of live, normal-sized black widow spiders which now scatter onto the party. Olé!

Steve Crompton's **Hellevator** is a trap which capitalizes on the propensity of a delver to lock himself into a box and then try to punch his way out. The adventurers find an elevator, though to them it would have to be explained as a room that moved from one level of a dungeon to another. The elevator is air-tight and operates on a simple cable and pulley system operated from above. Occasionally, however, the elevator gets stuck between floors.

Filling the elevator shaft is chlorine gas. It's not odorless, it's not colorless; it is extremly hard on the respiratory system of those foolish enough to inhale it. Since the elevator is air-tight, the delvers will not find out about the chlorine until they breech the top or sides of the elevator when it gets stuck. Having a magically produced voice urge "Please stay where you are; help will arrive within the hour" is one sure way to get the delvers to crack the elevator in an effort to escape. After all, if you had just looted someone's treasure chambers, you definitely would not want to meet anyone who is most likely to come to your aid.

This next oddball "thing" was developed by Chris Weitz. To work, it relies upon misconception and the never-failing ability of delvers to take things at face value.

A party of delvers might find **The Trojan Dragon** anywhere in your dungeon - but if they encounter it in a deep chamber filled with treasure, the effect will be heightened.

The "dragon" isn't a dragon at all, but rather a balsa wood mock-up that looks very much like the real thing. Any weapons used against this contraption will lodge in its "skin." As anyone who has made model airplanes knows, blades are difficult to remove from balsa wood.

Lurking in the hollow "stomach" of the dragon are a number of rather intelligent monsters. When they hear the sounds of delvers hewing into the dragon, they'll rush out through the thin skin of the mock-up and engage the characters in combat.

Of course, setting fire to the dragon will make things uncomfortable for the monsters hidden inside. But what delver in his right mind would hurl a torch at a sleeping dragon?

Stefan Jones, a first-class "thing" trap in his own right, has sent in two traps for this chapter. The first is called **Crossed Swords -** although "crossed wires" might be a more appropriate title.

Hanging over a cheerfully burning fireplace are a pair of





beautiful swords. The jewels in the hilts are obviously real, and the swords themselves would make an admirable prize.

If the swords are pulled off the wall, however, a sack of tightly-packed gunpowder hidden behind the wall is released. The sack falls into the fire, and ... well, the delver who grabbed the swords won't have much need for them anymore.



Water That Glimmers, Shimmers, and Kills is David Steven Moskowitz's entry to the "thing" trap derby. This trap is simply a waterfall of living diamond, which should look like nothing more than a beautiful sparkling waterfall.



Everyone knows that the hardest substance around is the diamond - and when its razor-thin and falling, it will cut through almost anything. Pity then the delver who sticks his hand through this waterfall, or tries to gain entry to the cave beyond . . .

2,

The **Paranoid Frustrator** is a magical effect presented to us by William Toivainen. This trap is more fun than dressing up like an old woman to frustrate dogooder boy scouts.

This nefarious and sneaky trap is dependent on a magical spell which is centered on a chest or another item of dungeon decor that is attractive to adventurers - but usually the hiding place of some nasty trap. The paranoid delver (and we have all seen the type), will certainly open the chest or touch the item with something as long as the proverbial "ten-foot pole." When this happens, the magic is triggered, and the effect centers on whatever is touching the chest. In this case, the delver will become the owner of a ten-foot pole that has received an noticeable boost in the apparent quality of its appearance. Evidently, had a character touched this chest, he would have received a bonus to his charisma, or some equivalent attribute. The character will probably pick up a desire to touch the next chest he comes across. If there are several such things presenting in apparent "sequence," the delver will almost certainly be seduced into a close encounter of the worst kind with the next chest he sees, and that is the best part of the trap.



The Eyes **Have** It is an interesting nuisance trap by Steve McAllister. It can be put almost anywhere in your dungeon, although a corridor with a high ceiling is perhaps the ideal location.

The delvers will see two large luminous eyes peering out at them from the darkness down the corridor, some distance above the floor. If you play this right, you can frighten the party into wasting missiles and magic on the imagined horror before them. To the party's eventual chagrin, they will find that the eyes are only a clever illusion painted upon bare stone with luminous paint ...

Equally unsettling is the **Fireman's Pole** by Steve Jackson. This trap takes the form of a simple brass fireman's pole which is bolted to the ceiling and disappears into darkness through a hole in the floor. When delvers jump onto the pole to slide down, they are in for a nasty surprise or two ...

The most cost-effective thing to do is to end the pole several feet above the floor of the room below (assuming, of course, that the room actually has a floor).

Depending on how far you want them to fall, the delvers could really be in sad shape after they land ...

A more bizarre possibility is to construct the last ten feet or so of the pole out of elastic substance, an and still have it end several feet above the floor. Thus, when a sliding delver reaches the elastic, the pole will stretch under his weight (and might touch the floor). It's likely that the pole will stretch for a given distance and then snap back like a rubber band, flinging the character into the ceiling!













Stefan)ones' Tumble **Toldee** appears to be an ordinary privy which is extraordinarily clean (which may be a tip-off for worldly delvers). No amount of thumping on the seat will trigger crossbows, trap doors, or alarms. There is nothing hidden under the privy there is nothing seat: concealed beneath the privy; and there are no nvisible weights suspended over the room. When someone sits on

places his feet on the foot-rest, the whole assembly will be free to rotate

backwards through the illusionary wall behind it, to tumble its occupant into the shaft below. This trap is sure to catch delvers with their pants down ...



Fibber McGee's Closet of **Caltrops** is a nasty addition to my book by Bob Greenwade. While most people will understand what happens from the title, a bit of an education in classic radio for those who don't understand is in order. Once upon a time, there was a man named McGee who had a closet jammed full of everything in the world. Whenever someone opened the door ... CRASH! And none of those things were as soft and cuddly as caltrops.



Delvers are always looking for trouble - and they'll certainly find some here with **The First Sign** of **Danger**, by Rick Loomis. On a stone dungeon wall is a sign reading "DANGER!", with a few lines of smaller print below the main lettering. The fine print cannot be read from afar, but when someone leans close to the sign to see what it says, a powerful spring rams the sign itself into the character's face. This sign is printed on a block of stone, so the danger here should be quite evident.







Ken St. Andre is to blame for this next "thing" trap, titled **Leaping Wizards.** The trap resembles a modern swimming pool with a few major modifications. It can be located either indoors or outdoors - whatever suits your fancy.

A suitably enticing treasure is scattered about on the botton of the pool in such a way that it will prove impossible to net or drag it out without entering the water. Anyone who tests the water will find it to be incredibly briny. Every now and then, something black and awful will surface (fill this pool with a variety of toothy aquatic horrors that most delvers wouldn't want to tangle with ...).

At the deep end of the pool is a diving board; on the board, in red non-skid letters, is painted this inscription: "Whoso diveth from this board is safe from the Dangers of the Pool."

The real trap here is actually the diving board, which is sturdy and springy and radiates functional magic. Anyone who leaps from the board, no matter how gently, only goes up! The character won't come back down unless the magic of the diving board is somehow negated. For those of you who insist upon a rule for everything, the character's upward speed is equal to the acceleration of gravity, $16t_2 + D$ where D stands for distance and t is time in seconds.

If this trap has been placed outdoors, a character who dives off the board may find himself bidding farewell to the planet of his birth. If this is an indoor pool, then the "diver" will probably smash into the ceiling (taking damage proportional to the distance traveled). Last one into the stratosphere is a rotten egg!

The Accordion Throne is a weight-loss device by Pat Mueller that should make the bench press obsolete. It's a high-backed marble throne, ornately carved and decorated, which ought to nicely fill a vacant corner in your tomb complex.

When some egocentric delver-who-would-be-king seats himself upon the throne, the arms neatly fold together like a monstrous beach chair, making the delver extremely slim in a matter of seconds. No fad diets! No medication!







Taking his inspiration from an old Indian monkeytrap, Larry DiTillio designed The Blotomoto **Trap.** It won't draw blood - but it should hamper any delver stupid enough to fall for it.

This isn't really a trap at all; rather, its a contact poison which causes any living tissue it touches to swell up to five times normal size. The effect isn't permanent, but you'll have to decide how long it will last.

A large gem of great worth has been dusted with this chemical, and then was dropped into an indestructible vase made of some clear material. A delver who reaches into the vase to grab the gem will find that he can't get his hand out If the character was smart enough to shake the gem out onto the palm of his hand, his hand won't be trapped - but he won't be able to use that hand for anything for a while ...





Matt Scholl doesn't sound like an Egyptian name, but this Rigged **Mummy** is dedicated to the memory of such devious architects as designed the depths of the Great Pyramid and other ancient deathtraps. This trap is another answer to the truly ancient question of how one can deal appropriately with those foul adventurers who feel no remorse at the destruction of the bodily remains of someone's favored ancestor. The usual response of these heartless blackguards is to torch the resin-soaked remains, resulting in an inpromptu cremation. While it may not be possible to protect one's predecesors from the effects of flame, it is possible to wreck havoc among those destructive incendiarists who fire off their enthusiasms by torching a mummy booby-trapped like this. The favored pharoah would surely appreciate the irony - and most certainly won't object to taking revenge posthumously on those who destroy him: Hidden under the wrappings, below the unbeating heart, rests a keg of gunpowder: the conflagration which results should daunt the survivors, if there are any (which is unlikely, at best).

The 101st Trap

Again, again I find that my task here has drawn to an end. Wearisome as is the work of reading and evaluating the offerings from pitifully human minds, I take a small delight in finding some humans truly do have the talents to live up to the evil reputations passed on by my smaller kith and kin - the orcs, gremlins, ogres and the rest. They speak of such terrors inflicted at the hands of humans, one would imagine a species more troll-like - how droll!

I do take pride in the tales I have heard of the malevolent gigglings caused by reading my first book of traps. And I anticipate much more of the same with this collection of cretin crushers. I also anticipate the reaction of many of you who read my first primer of peasant pacifiers. Even now I can feel your gloved fingers fumbling with the pages. You seek to take any precaution, no matter how feeble or futile, to protect yourselves against my destructive abilities. Come now, you flatter yourselves. I have killed kings, maimed maharajas, evicerated emperors and diced druids. Do you honestly, in your heart of hearts, believe you could stop me?

I thought not. Relax; remove the gloves. I need not stoop to repetition. I have other ways.

For the trap I present here I went to great length; others went to great pains. I knew what I wanted for an effect, yet I was quite at a loss for a means to accomplish my end. On the suggestion of several companions (may they rest in peace), I distilled various bodily fluids from noxious creatures that crawl and slither in places best left unmentioned. Then I ventured across tall frigid mountains cloaked in blizzards to jungle basins flooded with insects, disease and pesky natives. Always what I sought eluded me.

Then my studies turned to the paths of sorcery. Late hours and priceless



101st

– NOTES –

- NOTES -

sacrifices went unrewarded as I strove mightily to pierce the veil of chaos that surrounded my subject. Even when I discovered new facts, new formulae to help me with other works, I was frustrated in my primary search.

Daunted though I was, defeated I was not. While your kind may struggle against adversity, I take it by storm. I combined my studies, taking samples from my multiworld travels and subjecting them to eldritch witcheries. And in this I succeeded, even beyond my wildest dreams.

You see, my task was once again to visit a suitable form of retribution upon those who ransack my libraries. Now that it is known that I protect my books, they are stolen unread; others destroy my precious volumes in an attempt to rob me of information. (Indeed, an attempt of that sort interrupted my studies, though it was dealt with effectively enough). Also, I found a large number of individuals using my books while wearing gloves, or developing baths to wash away my "fixative."

What I sought was a bit more ... active. They would travel to the inquisitive louts, arriving when they least expect it. They would attack the bumpkins at their own leisure, slowly, carefully, and quite thoroughly. Before the vile blackguards even knew what happened, it would be too late.

Encoded in the cypher below I offer you my 101st trap. Break the code and you'll have the trap - but not before the trap has you! (Besides, it'll be good practice for later - if you survive long enough





This book is a connoisseur's catalog of condemnable calamities, ghastly glamours, distinctive disasters, and an astonishing array of annoying misdirections and miserable misfortunes . .

IN OTHER WORDS, THE TROLL IS BACK!

The 102 traps within this book have been presented without game mechanics of any kind; the nature, cause, and effect of each trap has been thoroughly described so that any game master may introduce these devices of delver destruction into his or her campaign easily.

For example, The Wet Pit. This is a simple pit which opens



beneath the feet of a delver. As soon as the delver is trapped inside the pit, it begins to fill with water, bars spring across the top, and its walls begin to creep together.

role-playing

systems

However, just before the delver is drowned and pulped, the trap resets itself – the water drains out, the walls return to their original positions, and the bars withdraw. A handy ladder then pops out of the pit wall . . . (continued on page 20)



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